Newsp

The Pyongyang Times

No. 55 (314) MONDAY, DECEMBER 28, 1970 PYONGYANG, DEMOCRATIC PEOPLE'S REPUBLIC OF KOREA

2 FEB 17
Copy
1945 - 1970

The platform of the report meeting celebrating the 25th anniversary of the founding of Rodong Sinmun

In Presence of Comrade KIM IL SUNG, the Respected and Beloved Leader,

Report Meeting Held in Celebration of 25th Anniversary of Founding of Rodong Sinmun

In the presence of Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of our Party and the 40 million Korean people and the benevolent father of our journalists and editors, a report meeting was held with a large attendance at the Pyongyang Grand Theatre on December 20 in celebration of the 25th anniversary of the founding of **Rodong Sinmun**, organ of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea.

The report meeting was attended by functionaries of the Party and government organs and mass organisations, men of the press organ, printing workers, worker-peasant correspondents, working people in the city and People's Army soldiers in large numbers.

Placed respectfully on the platform of the meeting hall was a portrait of Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of revolution, who originated the great *Juche* idea and the brilliant revolutionary traditions of our Party, founded the ever-victorious Workers' Party of Korea and the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, a powerful state of proletarian dictatorship, opened the new era of socialism and communism in our country and confidently leads our Party and people to the nationwide victory of the revolution and the bright future of socialism and communism.

At 5 p.m. **Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of our Party and the 40 million Korean people, outstanding Marxist-Leninist, genius of revolution and the founder and guide of** *Rodong Sinmun*, **mounted the platform amid the loud strains of the welcome music.**

All the attendants rose and warmly welcomed the fatherly Leader with the stormy cheers "Long live the great Leader Comrade Kim Il Sung!" and prolonged, thunderous applause that rocked the meeting hall.

Amid the unending loud cheers of *manse* (hurrah), journalists presented Comrade Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader and benevolent father, with a basket of fragrant flowers carrying the sentiments of infinite adoration of the journalists and editors of **Rodong Sinmun** and the entire men of the press of our country.

In the platform party were Comrades Kim Il, Pak Sung Chul, O Jin U, Kim Jung Rin and Yang Hyong Sop, and anti-Japanese revolutionary fighters, and model journalists and editors of **Rodong Sinmun.**

The Patriotic Song was played when the report meeting was declared open.

Comrade Kim Il, Secretary of the Central Committee of the Party, took the rostrum first and conveyed a congratulatory message from the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea to the journalists and editors of **Rodong Sinmun.**

The congratulatory message which paid high tribute to the feats **Rodong Sinmun** has performed in the revolution and construction over the last 25 years, upholding the wise leadership of Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great Leader, and set fighting tasks before the newspaper for fulfilling the militant programme advanced by the Leader at the Fifth Congress of the Party, stirred the journalists and editors of **Rodong Sinmun** and the entire attendants to boundless emotion and instilled great inspiring strength into their minds.

Then the report was made by Chong Jun Gi, Responsible Editor-in-Chief of **Rodong Sinmun.**

The respected and beloved Leader Comrade Kim Il Sung founded **Rodong Sinmun** on November 1, 1945, after the liberation, on the basis of the glorious tradition of the revolutionary publications he himself had established in the days of the struggle for the liberation of the country, the reporter noted.

Dwelling upon the fact that the newspaper has traversed the path of resplendent victory and glory and has creditably carried out its revolutionary mission under the constant guidance and paternal care of the Leader for the past 25 years, the reporter referred to the tasks to be implemented by the paper in the struggle for putting into practice the militant programme put forward by the respected and beloved Leader Comrade Kim Il Sung at the Fifth Congress of the Workers' Party of Korea.

At the meeting **a letter of pledge to Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of our Party and the 40 million Korean people, was adopted with thunderous applause.**

In the letter of pledge the attendants of the meeting solemnly pledged to live up to the trust

(Continued on Page 4)

Warm Greetings to Comrade KIM IL SUNG

on His Election as General Secretary of the C.C. of the Workers' Party of Korea

Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of the Workers' Party of Korea and the 40 million Korean people and one of the outstanding leaders of the international communist and working-class movements, continues to receive from many countries telegrams warmly greeting his re-election as General Secretary of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea.

Comrade Kim Il Sung received telegrams of greetings from Todor Zhivkov, First Secretary of the Central Committee of the Bulgarian Communist Party, and L. Chandramoun, Chairman of the Central Committee of the Mauritius Communist Party.

Comrade Kim Il Sung also received telegrams of greetings from Abdul Fattah Ismail, General Secretary of the National Front Organization of the People's Democratic Republic of Yemen; K.B. Ratnayake, General Secretary of the Sri Lanka Freedom Party, Minister of Parliamentary Affairs and Sports, member of Parliament and floor leader of the government party; Peter Nanemba, Secretary in Charge of Military Affairs of the Southwest African People's Organization; Shapik Elhout, representative of the Palestinian Liberation Organization in Lebanon; and Sarih Ahmed Iyal, head of the Mission of the General Headquarters of the Eritrean Liberation Front in Damascus.

Besides, Comrade Kim Il Sung received telegrams of greetings from the Executive Committee of the Iraqi General Women's Union; Tahayasinal Hadisi, Chairman of the Iraqi Political Science Society; Karim Al Mula, Chairman of the Iraqi Students' Union; Wafic Tibi, Secretary General of the Arab Journalists' Union, Member of Directorate of the Lebanese Press Association, Chairman of the "Committee for Study of the Ideas of Comrade Kim Il Sung" in Lebanon and Manager of the Lebanese paper **Al Yom**; Daniel Guafo Mbande Mejuo, Chairman of the Union of African Students Studying in Romania; Saras Kumarasiri, Chairman of the Ceylonese Anti-Imperialist Youth Front; H.G. Arawalla, Joint Secretary of the Youth Federation of the Sri Lanka Freedom Party; D. Jayakody, General Secretary of the Ceylonese Journalists' Association; the Ceylonese Young Writers' Union; Hubert Vikre Masinghe, Chairman of the Ceylonese Independent Trade Union Federation and member of Parliament, and Ananda Dasanayake, General Secretary of the CITUF; Fall Malick, General Secretary of the Union of Mauritanian Working People; Abda Salam Abda Saif, General Secretary of the General Federation of Workers of Yemen; Hisam Abudahr, General Secretary of the Lebanese Press Syndicate; Sirunje Mussa Abdu, Chairman of the Executive Committee of the General Federation of Students of Eritrea in Baghdad; the Southern Yemen-Korea Friendship Committee; Bakiri Kutibari, General Secretary of the Mauritania-Korea Friendship Association; M. Jenot, Secretary Gen-

(Continued on Page 2)

Brief History of the Revolutionary Activities of Comrade KIM IL SUNG (27)

Thanks to the correct economic policy set forth by Comrade Kim Il Sung and his wise leadership, one great innovation after another took place in all fields of the national economy and remarkable progress was made in production and construction in our country.

It is a consistent revolutionary stand inherent in the leadership of Comrade Kim Il Sung to oppose inertia and conservatism, lead the people to make continued innovation and continued advance and steadily carry the revolution forward to new victory and new upsurge.

In this period when a great upsurge began in socialist construction, he promptly perceived that it was passivism, conservatism and mysticism about technique that hampered the onward movement of the revolution, and aroused the masses to crushing them. By so doing, he brought the great upsurge of socialist construction and the Chollima movement onto a higher stage of development.

At the September 1958 Plenary Meeting of the Party Central Committee and a National Meeting of Production Innovators, Comrade Kim Il Sung criticized passivism, conservatism and mysticism about technique which were expressed in failing to believe in the creative ability of the masses, in sticking to the old rated capacities and others' experiences and work norms, and mystifying science and technology, and the remnants of old ideas such as dogmatism and flunkeyism, and taught that the collective innovation movement should be stepped up.

He put up the militant slogan "Let's think boldly and act boldly" and organized and mobilized the people to the struggle to advance farther the upsurge in socialist construction, and led the masses to new innovations by personally going among the masses to consult them and grasp and solve urgent problems awaiting solution.

In response to the call of the Leader, our working people performed new miracles and innovations every day, shattering all sorts of old and conservative things which hindered the onward movement of the revolution and displaying a high degree of revolutionary zeal and creative initiative, thus smashing old work norms and rated capacities.

In this course all types of modern machinery and equipment including tractors, automobiles, excavators and 8-metre turning lathes were newly turned out in succession in our country and a leap took place in producing and building two or three times as much with the same amount of materials and funds.

Under the wise leadership of the great Leader, each passing day recorded the world-startling miracles and innovations in our country and the Chollima advance continued still more grandiosely.

Comrade Kim Il Sung laid down the cultural revolution, along with the technical reconstruction of the national economy, as one of the basic tasks in socialist construction, and took radical measures for raising the working people's levels of general knowledge, technique and culture, training a large army of technical personnel, improving public health services and hygienic work and rapidly developing science and culture, and thus brought about a great progress in the cultural revolution.

At the direct suggestion and under the personal guidance of Comrade Kim Il Sung, in our country universal compulsory primary education was enforced in 1956, universal compulsory secondary education (seven-year system), the first of its kind in Asia, was introduced in 1958, and completely free education introduced at schools of all levels in 1959 with the general abolition of tuitions. And later, in 1967, universal compulsory nine-year technical education was introduced.

In public health services, too, a rapid stride was made. Thanks to the personal solicitude of Comrade Kim Il Sung and the correct public health policy set forth by him, a system of completely free medical care was introduced and the networks of medical establishments were extended to all villages in the remotest mountainous areas to make it possible to promote the health of the working people, and public health services developed rapidly along prophylactic lines.

Thus, our country has become one of the most advanced countries in the world in public education and health services.

Comrade Kim Il Sung saw to it that *Juche* was established in scientific research work to gear it to the solution of practical problems arising in socialist construction. Thus, he made it possible to achieve great successes in the development of science.

Comrade Kim Il Sung also set forth a correct literary and art policy and guided the work for its implementation with meticulous care, thereby speedily developing our literature and art.

He taught that socialist literature and art, the ideological weapon of the working class that has seized power in its hands, should thoroughly oppose all hues of reactionary ideas including bourgeois ideology and revisionism, and serve the revolution and construction, serve the revolutionization and working-classization of the whole society.

Comrade Kim Il Sung said as follows:

"Our literature and art should by no means part from the interests of the revolution and the Party's line, nor should allow those elements which cater to the taste and liking of the exploiting classes. Only revolutionary literature and art which thoroughly rely on the line and policy of the Party can truly enjoy the love of the popular masses and become a mighty weapon of the Party for educating the labouring masses in the revolutionary spirit of communism."

Comrade Kim Il Sung taught, in particular, that in literature and art, flunkeyism and dogmatism should be rejected and *Juche* be established, fine traditions of national culture critically inherited and developed to suit the thoughts and feelings of the working people who build socialism, and that literature and art be made a possession of the people themselves and broad masses be made their creators.

Comrade Kim Il Sung originated the revolutionary literary and art thoughts and set forth a creative line on literature and art so as to oppose modern revisionism and Left opportunism and defend the revolutionary principle in literature and art. In many of his writings he creatively developed and enriched the Marxist-Leninist theory on literature and art in their fundamental problems such as of the functions and role of literature and art in the revolution and construction, of the inheritance and renovation of the heritages of national culture, the correlation between ideological content and artistic quality in literature and art, and of types in literature and art.

Thanks to the creative theory of Comrade Kim Il Sung on literature and art and to his wise leadership, the literature and art of our country efflouresced and developed as truly Party and popular literature and art, national in form and socialist in content.

Comrade Kim Il Sung pointed the right direction for the question of language and development of linguistics and paid deep attention to the development of our language and letters.

Emphasizing that our people should love and take pride in their fine language and letters, Comrade Kim Il Sung taught as follows:

"Our language is fluent with its rising and falling inflections and long and short sounds, and has a good intonation, too, and it sounds very elegant to the ear. Our language is so rich in expression that it can express well any complex thoughts and delicate feelings, can stir people, make them cry or laugh. Our language is highly effective for educating people in communist morality, as it can clearly express etiquette. Our national speech is very rich in pronunciation, too. Therefore, our language and letters can express almost freely the pronunciation of the language of any Eastern or Western country."

Instructing that our language be refined and developed more accurately and beautifully primarily with words indigenous to our country, Comrade Kim Il Sung clearly elucidated questions of principle that should be a guide to the development of our language.

Comrade Kim Il Sung showed scientific foresight and gave a clear-cut elucidation as to the future of the development of the national language too.

He said that even when the whole world has turned communist, the national characteristics of languages will be preserved for a long time, and taught that the national characteristics should be carried forward and developed to the utmost and, at the same time, the common trend of development of languages of the world peoples should be taken into consideration.

The teachings of Comrade Kim Il Sung concerning the linguistic question furnished a programmatic guide to the development of language and letters in our country.

When the socialist reorganization of production relations was completed in towns and the countryside, Comrade Kim Il Sung lost no time to advance the line of all-round communist education and energetically promoted the ideological revolution, not only reckoning with the present but also foreseeing the distant future of the revolution and construction.

Comrade Kim Il Sung taught as follows:

"To build socialist society it is necessary to remould the minds of people while laying the material and technical foundations. Even though the socialist reorganization of production relations has been completed and up-to-date techniques are introduced, we cannot say that we have built socialism completely unless we remould people, the masters who run society and handle technology."

(Continued on Page 3)

(Continued from Page 1)

eral of the France-Korea Friendship Association; the members of the "Committee for Supporting the Struggle of the Korean People for Korea's Independent Peaceful Unification" in the Union of Burma; the members of the Mandalay chapter of the Burma-Korea Friendship Association; Anwar Abdel Rahman, Secretary General of the "Palestinian Solidarity Committee for Supporting the Struggle of the Korean People for the Withdrawal of the U.S. Imperialist Aggressor Army from South Korea" in Cairo; Mohideen, Organizing Secretary of the "Ceylon National Committee for Solidarity with the South Korean People's Struggle"; M.A. Justin, Organizing Secretary of the "Solidarity Committee of Ceylonese University Students for Supporting the Struggle of South Korean University Students"; the Rawalpindi branch of the Pakistan-Korea Friendship Association; the members of the "Group for Study of Works of Premier Kim Il Sung" in Burundi University; the members of the "Group for Study of Works of Premier Kim Il Sung" in Khartoum University and the members of the Khartoum University branch of the Sudan-Korea Friendship Association; the members of the "Group for Study of Works of Comrade Kim Il Sung" in Zambian University; the members of the "Group for Study of Works and History of Revolutionary Activities of Comrade Kim Il Sung" of Latin American youths and students in the Soviet Union; the members of the "Group for Study of Works and History of Revolutionary Activities of Comrade Kim Il Sung" of the Latin American students studying in the Soviet Union; and the Committee of "Group for Study of History of Revolutionary Struggle and Works of Comrade Kim Il Sung" of the Latin American students studying in Poland.

The telegram of greetings to Comrade Kim Il Sung from the members of the "Group for Study of Works and History of Revolutionary Activities of Comrade Kim Il Sung" of Latin American youths and students in the Soviet Union pointed out as follows:

We heard the happy news that you brilliant Leader of revolution was re-elected General Secretary of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea.

The re-election of you brilliant Leader of revolution as General Secretary of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea is a reflection of the unanimous will and aspiration of not only the 40 million Korean people but also the world revolutionary people and is an auspicious event to all peoples of the whole world and an unbounded glory and happiness to us. That is why we extend the greatest honour and felicitations to you, the great Leader, and join the 40 million Korean people in shouting hurrah and cheers at the top of their voices to respectfully offer you the warmest congratulations.

In their telegram of greetings, the members of the "Group for Study of Works of Comrade Kim Il Sung" in Zambian University stressed as follows:

Your re-election as General Secretary of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea is a boundless honour and the greatest joy for all the progressive and revolutionary people of the whole world who look up to you as one of the great revolutionary leaders who oppose imperialism and the reactionary forces.

You have embodied your great *Juche* idea and revolutionary line of independence, self-sustenance and self-defence in all spheres and thereby successfully and miraculously converted your one-time poor and backward country into an independent socialist state with the advanced socialist system.

We sincerely hope that the Workers' Party of Korea under your leadership will continue to throw its light as the model of the all-conquering Marxist-Leninist Parties.

In his telegram of greetings, Tabayasinal Hadisi, Chairman of the Iraqi Political Science Society, noted as follows:

I, in my own name and in the name of all the political and public figures in Iraq, extend the warmest congratulations and the greatest honour to you, upon the re-election of esteemed you as General Secretary of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea.

Your re-election as General Secretary of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea is a precious fruit of your endeavour: Bearing the destinies of the fatherland and the nation on your shoulders for more than 40 years up to the present since you set out on the road of revolution at the early age of 15, you not only led the Korean revolution along the one road of victory but also brightly illumined the road of struggle for liberty and emancipation to the oppressed people the world over like a beacon and inspired conviction of victory in their minds and thus made an outstanding contribution to the cause of world revolution. Your re-election also shows that you enjoy deep respect and trust of the 40 million Korean people and the revolutionary people of the whole world for your wisdom and genius and is the greatest pride to all the anti-imperialist fighters.

We wish from the bottom of our hearts good health and a long life to you pre-eminent Marxist-Leninist in our times and great Leader of revolution for the ultimate victory of the Korean revolution and the world revolution and hope for brilliant successes in your lofty work.

(Continued from Page 2)

Comrade Kim Il Sung taught that to educate and remould the working people along communist lines is a lawful requirement of socialist and communist construction and an important task of the dictatorship of the proletariat.

Particularly, he stressed that the ideological education of the working people came to the fore as an especially important question under the conditions of two opposing social systems existing in North and South Korea and the enemy carrying on vile manoeuvres against socialism.

Comrade Kim Il Sung taught that all people, to the exclusion of very few confirmed hostile elements, could be educated and remoulded on communist lines under the conditions in which the socialist system had been established in the country and the unitary ideology of our Party was firmly prevailing in the whole society, and that they should all be taken along to communist society, and he vigorously promoted the work of educating and remoulding the masses, while giving definite precedence to the ideological revolution before all other work.

He taught that the education and remoulding of the masses on communist lines is, in the final analysis, aimed at revolutionizing and working-classizing them and bringing them up into revolutionaries and Communists faithful to the Party and the cause of revolution, and, accordingly, in conducting the ideological education of the working people, the education in the Party's policies and the revolutionary traditions, above all, should be strengthened, and communist education with class education as its main content and the education in socialist patriotism should be carried on.

The work of Comrade Kim Il Sung **"On Communist Education"** published in November 1958 provided a programmatic guide to the communist education of the working people.

In this and a number of other works Comrade Kim Il Sung made a deep analysis of the great role played by the thoughts and consciousness of the working people in the building of socialism and communism and clearly indicated the main content and ways of communist education.

Comrade Kim Il Sung taught as follows:

"In order to reach the eminence of socialism as early as possible, we must arm the working masses firmly with communist ideology. Unless we conduct ideological education and wage ideological struggle in a thoroughgoing way, we cannot ensure the advance of the revolution, nor can we consolidate the victories we have already won.

"We must root out the remnants of the obsolete feudal and capitalist ideologies which still remain in the minds of the working masses.

"The revolution we are carrying on is a struggle to shatter all that is outmoded and to create things that are new. The struggle between the new and the old, between progress and conservatism, between activeness and passivism, between collectivism and individualism, and in general between socialism and capitalism—such is the content of our revolutionary struggle. The cause of socialist construction can win victory only by sweeping away all the outdated and corrupt things that block our advance."

Elucidating the main content of communist education, Comrade Kim Il Sung taught the necessity for arming the working people with our Party's policies, for educating them in the spirit of loyalty to the Party, inspiring them with firm confidence in the superiority of the socialist system and in the inevitability of its triumph, making them have a clear understanding of the reactionary nature of the capitalist system and the inevitability of its downfall, and thus bringing them to strive actively to defend the socialist system and further consolidate and develop this system.

He also taught that the working people should be brought to oppose individualism and selfishness and acquire the spirit of loving collectivism and labour, and should be equipped with socialist patriotism and proletarian internationalism and with the revolutionary ideas of uninterrupted innovation and continued advance.

Comrade Kim Il Sung taught that class education was the keystone of communist education.

He taught that the strengthening of class education was posed as a very urgent question in view of the fact that the socialist and communist revolution is accompanied by a fierce class struggle against imperialism and all shades of reactionary classes, particularly in view of the fact that our country is divided into the North and the South and is standing opposed to U.S. imperialism, the chieftain of world imperialism. Also, after giving a scientific analysis to the fact that new generations who have had no taste of exploitation and oppression nor undergone the trials of the revolutionary struggle, are emerging as masters of society in the socialist countries and the fact that people may forget their previous lot and slide into indolence and laxity and get weary of the revolution as the revolution assumes a protracted nature and their living standards rise, he taught that the question of class education acquired special importance in communist education.

Stating that class education in the countries where the revolution triumphed only in a part of their territory and in the socialist countries where the revolution emerged victorious earlier under the conditions in which imperialism remained in existence, was a question of great importance for the international communist movement at the present time, Comrade Kim Il Sung said as follows:

"In all socialist countries the work of class education should be energetically conducted to carry their revolution to the end and fulfil the world revolution to the end. Strengthening of class education among the working people, it can be said, is an important task assigned to all the Communists of our era by the cause of the world revolution."

Comrade Kim Il Sung not only gave a clear and intelligent account of the main content of communist education with class education as its keystone, but also taught that communist education should always be conducted on the basis of strengthening the education in the revolutionary traditions and in close combination with this.

He also taught that communist education should be conducted with the work places as its bases, its principal method being education through influence by the medium of positive examples.

The work of Comrade Kim Il Sung **"On Communist Education"** and his teachings concerning communist education clearly pointed to the new road to be followed by our Party in its work of ideological education and furnished a powerful ideological and theoretical weapon for rearing the Party members and working people into Communists and turning the whole society Red.

While energetically accelerating the ideological revolution in our country, Comrade Kim Il Sung made great efforts, as an important part of the ideological revolution, to rear the rising generations into fine builders of socialism and communism, into men of a new, communist type who are developed in an all-round way.

In a number of works including **"On the Duty of Educational Workers in the Upbringing of Children and Youth,"** and **"Let Us Educate the Students into True Reserves of Socialist and Communist Construction,"** Comrade Kim Il Sung newly defined the principle of education of the rising generations under socialism, particularly of school education, and the orientation of its development, and solved it successfully.

Pointing out that the proper education and training of successors to the revolution is an important revolutionary work which decides the destiny of the revolution and guarantees its victory and that, accordingly, it is a lofty task of the Communists, Comrade Kim Il Sung emphatically taught that the role of the educational establishments had to be enhanced in the education of children and youth.

Comrade Kim Il Sung taught that the educational establishments under socialism are important organs which fulfil the cultural-educational function of the state of the proletarian dictatorship, and hold an important place in the conduct of the ideological revolution.

Comrade Kim Il Sung said as follows:

"The major foundation for bringing up people into revolutionaries should be laid in school education. The educational establishments ranging from kindergartens to primary schools, middle schools, higher technical schools and institutions of higher education are one of the fundamental means in conducting the ideological revolution. In other words, the educational establishments, as one of the organs which directly fulfil the cultural-educational function of the state, are an important weapon of ideological education."

Comrade Kim Il Sung taught that the primary task of educational institutions under socialism is to bring up Communists who will fight against exploitation and oppression for society, the people and the working class, and, therefore, that the class principle of the working class should be thoroughly observed and *Juche* should be established firmly in school education.

The educational thoughts and lines set forth by Comrade Kim Il Sung, who, by creatively developing the Marxist-Leninist theory on education, newly raised and brilliantly solved the theoretical and practical questions arising in the education of children and youth and in school education such as of the position and role of school education and its orientation and contents under socialism, constituted a programmatic guide in bringing up children and youth, successors to the revolution, into true revolutionaries, to carry on the revolution generation after generation, revolutionize and working-classize the whole society and firmly ensure victory for socialism and communism.

In accordance with the line laid down by Comrade Kim Il Sung, the ideological revolution was promoted vigorously and the education in the Party's policies and the revolutionary traditions and communist education with class education as its main content were intensified, so that the revolutionary ardor and creative activity of the working people were brought into fuller play and the Chollima movement was developed in depth to turn into the Chollima workteam movement.

As the Chollima workteam movement which organically combined the collective innovation movement with the work of educating and remoulding people was widely organized and unfolded, a new trait of working, studying and living in a communist way under the motto "One for all and all for one" began to take shape in an all-round way among the working people and there took place a big change in the work of educating and remoulding the masses.

TELEGRAMS

✦ Premier **Kim Il Sung** of the Cabinet of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea and President **Choi Yong Kun** of the Presidium of the Supreme People's Assembly of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea sent a telegram of greetings to **Nguyen Huu Tho,** President of the Presidium of the Central Committee of the South Vietnam National Front for Liberation, on the occasion of the 10th anniversary of the founding of the South Vietnam National Front for Liberation.

✦ Premier **Kim Il Sung** of the Cabinet of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea sent a telegram of greetings to Samdech **Norodom Sihanouk,** Head of State of Cambodia and Chairman of the National United Front of Kampuchea, on the occasion of the 17th anniversary of the independence of the Kingdom of Cambodia.

✦ Premier **Kim Il Sung** of the Cabinet of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea sent a telegram of greetings to **Anwar El Sadat,** President of the United Arab Republic, on the 14th anniversary of the "Day of Victory" at Port Said when the UAR people repulsed the armed aggression committed by the British and French imperialists and Israeli aggressors under the patronage of U.S. imperialism and defended the freedom and independence of their fatherland with honour.

✦ Premier **Kim Il Sung** of the Cabinet of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea sent a telegram of greetings to **Sangoule Lamizana,** President of the Republic of Upper Volta, on the occasion of the 12th anniversary of the proclamation of the Republic of Upper Volta.

✦ Premier **Kim Il Sung** of the Cabinet of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea sent a telegram of greetings to **Jomo Kenyatta,** President of the Republic of Kenya, on the day of independence of Kenya and the proclamation of the Republic.

✦ Comrade **Kim Il Sung,** General Secretary of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea, sent a telegram of greetings to Comrade **Dolores Ibarruri,** Chairman of the Communist Party of Spain, on the latter's 75th birthday.

✦ Comrade **Kim Il Sung,** General Secretary of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea, sent a telegram of greetings to Comrade **Rodney Arismendi,** First Secretary of the Central Committee of the Communist Party of Uruguay, upon his reelection as First Secretary.

✦ Comrade **Kim Il Sung,** General Secretary of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea and Premier of the Cabinet of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, and Comrade **Choi Yong Kun,** President of the Presidium of the Supreme People's Assembly of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, received a telegram from Comrade **Leonid Ilyich Brezhnev,** General Secretary of the Central Committee of the Communist Party of the Soviet Union, Comrade **Nikolai Viktorovich Podgorny,** President of the Presidium of the Supreme Soviet of the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics, and Comrade **Alexei Nikolayevich Kosygin,** Chairman of the Council of Ministers of the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics, replying to their telegram of greetings sent on the occasion of the 53rd anniversary of the Great October Socialist Revolution.

✦ Comrade **Kim Il Sung,** General Secretary of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea, received a telegram from **Janos Kadar** in reply to his telegram of greetings sent to the latter upon his reelection as First Secretary of the Central Committee of the Hungarian Socialist Workers' Party.

✦ Comrade **Kim Il Sung,** General Secretary of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea and Premier of the Cabinet of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, and Comrade **Choi Yong Kun,** President of the Presidium of the Supreme People's Assembly of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, received a telegram from Comrade **Enver Hoxha,** First Secretary of the Central Committee of the Albanian Workers' Party, Comrade **Haxhi Lleshi,** President of the Presidium of the People's Assembly of the People's Republic of **Albania,** and Comrade **Mehmet Shehu,** Chairman of the Council of Ministers of the People's Republic of Albania, in reply to their telegram of greetings sent on the occasion of the 26th anniversary of the liberation of Albania, the national holiday of the Albanian people.

✦ Comrade **Kim Il Sung,** Premier of the Cabinet of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, received a telegram from Comrade **Mehmet Shehu** in reply to his telegram of greetings sent to the latter upon his reappointment as Chairman of the Council of Ministers of the People's Republic of Albania.

✦ Comrade **Kim Il Sung,** General Secretary of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea, received a telegram from **Anwar El Sadat** in reply to his message of greetings sent to the latter upon his election as Chairman of the Arab Socialist Union.

Comrade KIM IL SUNG Receives

Congratulatory Telegrams and Letters from Various Countries

Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of the 40 million Korean people and an outstanding Marxist-Leninist, received congratulatory telegrams and letters from the attendants of the inaugural meeting of the Iraq-Korea Friendship Association held in Baghdad, the participants in the gathering for founding the "Group for Study of Works of Comrade Kim Il Sung" of the Ecuadorian revolutionary youth convened in Havana, the attendants of the meeting for organizing the "Group for Study of Ideology of Premier Kim Il Sung" of Sudanese national intellectuals held in Khartoum, Dahomey youth who attended the meeting for founding the "Group for Study of Works and Brief History of Revolutionary Activities of Premier Kim Il Sung," the members of the "Group for Study of Works and Revolutionary Activities of Comrade Kim Il Sung" of tri-continental students studying in Czechoslovakia and the members of the "Group for Study of the Revolutionary History of Comrade Kim Il Sung in the Congo." He also received telegrams and letters from many countries on various occasions.

Dahomey youth who attended the meeting for founding the "Group for Study of Works and Brief History of Revolutionary Activities of Premier Kim Il Sung" stated in their letter:

We, Dahomey revolutionary youth, organize the "Group for Study of Works and Brief History of Revolutionary Activities of Premier Kim Il Sung," unanimously convinced that we should make a profound study of the revolutionary ideas and immortal works of Your Excellency Premier Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of revolution, who indicate the correct way we should follow at a time when the struggle between the world progressive forces and reactionary forces grows intense.

It is a great joy for us to learn from Your Excellency Kim Il Sung, the great Leader, who are possessed of scientific revolutionary theories, rich experiences, prominent art of leadership and high virtues and have led the Korean people along one road to glory and victory, weathering storms of revolution over a long period.

The letter sent by the attendants of the meeting for organizing the "Group for Study of Ideology of Premier Kim Il Sung" of Sudanese national intellectuals held in Khartoum wrote:

Today we form a group for study of ideology of Your Excellency Premier, convinced that your revolutionary ideology, the zenith of modern philosophy, and strategy of struggle constitute our banner in the fight for the country's national independence and progress and the victory of the anti-imperialist revolutionary cause and we shall be able to grasp your strategy of the revolutionary struggle and acquire rich knowledge conducive to practical struggle through study of your works.

We will do our best to study and grasp more profoundly your great revolutionary ideology and pre-eminent strategy and tactics which are a weapon for our struggle and thereby contribute to the development and progress of the country and to the world anti-imperialist revolutionary cause.

In their letter the students of Bir Ahmad district of the 1st Province of the People's Democratic Republic of Yemen who attended the forum for study of Comrade Kim Il Sung's brilliant work "Great Anti-Imperialist Revolutionary Cause of Asian, African and Latin American Peoples Is Invincible" pointed out as follows:

This brilliant work authored by you is a bright beacon illumining brilliantly the road of our revolutionary struggle, the greatest Marxist-Leninist document in our era and a programme for action the revolutionaries should always adhere to.

The pre-eminent strategy of anti-imperialist, anti-U.S. imperialist struggle put forth by you for the first time is the most revolutionary strategy which makes it possible to wipe out the U.S. imperialists completely.

According to the superb strategy of anti-imperialist, anti-U.S. imperialist struggle advanced by you, we will dismember U.S. imperialism.

The letter sent by the attendants of the meeting held by the members of the India-Korea Youth Friendship Association and the members of the "Group for Study of Marshal Kim Il Sung's Works" on the occasion of the third anniversary of the publication of Comrade Kim Il Sung's immortal work "Let Us Intensify the Anti-imperialist, Anti-U.S. Struggle" said:

You Marshal Kim Il Sung are greatly contributing to the development of the world revolution as the outstanding Leader of the international communist movement.

We Indian youths extend our heartfelt, militant greetings to Your Excellency for your publication of the immortal work "Let Us Intensify the Anti-imperialist, Anti-U.S. Struggle" which has made it possible to achieve great successes in the world anti-imperialist, anti-U.S. imperialist struggle.

Availing ourselves of the meeting celebrating the third anniversary of the publication of Your Excellency's work "Let Us Intensify the Anti-imperialist, Anti-U.S. Struggle," we members of the India-Korea Youth Friendship Association and the "Group for Study of Marshal Kim Il Sung's Works" sincerely wish good health and a long life to you Marshal Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader of the 40 million Korean people, for the unification and prosperity of Korea and future happiness of the Korean people.

On the occasion of the first anniversary of the publication of his genius work "Progressive Journalists of the Five Continents, Wield, Your Powerful Revolutionary Pen and Sternly Condemn U.S. Imperialism", Comrade Kim Il Sung received many congratulatory telegrams and letters: from the Secretariat of the International Organization of Journalists; Wafic Tibi, Secretary General of the Arab Journalists' Union; Papa Haidara, General Secretary of the Journalists' Union of Mali; Siriniwasa Ingarabelu, General Secretary of the Front of Progressive Journalists and Writers of Ceylon; the "Translation Committee for Works of Comrade Kim Il Sung" of the Union of Burma; Hisiam Abudahr, General Secretary of the Lebanese Press Association; Muhamad Amin Dugan, Editor-in-Chief of the Lebanese paper **Asch-achaab**; and social organisations, friendship associations, press organs and public figures in various countries.

In his telegram of greetings, Assanu Ssei, President of the Central Committee of the Red Cross Society of Mali, pointed out:

Your work in which you correctly evaluated our times and gave a brilliant elucidation of the tasks of anti-imperialist, anti-U.S. imperialist struggle on the basis of a scientific analysis of the international situation is a programmatic guide in the revolutionary struggle of the peoples of the five continents who are gallantly fighting for peace and justice and for achieving national liberation and breaking the chains of colonialism and imperialism headed by U.S. imperialism, and is a weapon of struggle firmly guaranteeing the victory of revolution.

The great revolutionary ideas of Comrade Kim Il Sung, an indomitable revolutionary fighter and the great Leader of the world revolution, will be immortal.

The congratulatory telegram from Sarath Cooray, Editor-in-Chief of the Ceylonese paper **Sinhale**, read:

The congratulatory speech of Your Excellency has educated us in the militant spirit of fighting U.S. imperialism and inspired us with a new courage and strength in the struggle against U.S. imperialism and its despicable allies.

The revolutionary teaching of Your Excellency will remain forever in the hearts of the progressive journalists of the world as the greatest leading force for their revolutionary activities.

Your Excellency's revolutionary ideas are the most progressive and correct Marxist-Leninist guiding idea of our times and the most powerful weapon which is held in the hands of the world journalists in their struggle against U.S. aggression at present.

Sama Sesse, journalist of the Malian paper **L'essor**, said in his message of congratulations:

Your teaching is a Marxist-Leninist programme of the progressive journalists of the five continents, which was proclaimed for the first time in the history of the world revolution, and is a beacon and torchlight that brightly illumines the road ahead of us.

So, we journalists of Mali, wielding powerful revolutionary pen as indicated by you, will sternly condemn U.S. imperialism to make a great contribution to the promotion of the world revolution.

On this occasion, I express complete and unconditional support to the valorous people of Korea in their heroic struggle to expel the U.S. imperialists from South Korea and unify the fatherland independently under your wise leadership and sincerely wish that Comrade Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader of the 40 million Korean people, an outstanding anti-imperialist, anti-U.S. imperialist fighter and the great Leader of the world revolution, may enjoy good health and a long life for the final victory of the Korean revolution and the world revolution.

The Glorious and Brilliant Biography of Comrade KIM IL SUNG, the Great Leader of Revolution,

"KIM IL SUNG: Biography"

(French Ed. Vol. 3) Published in France

The French edition of "Kim Il Sung: Biography" (Vol. 3), the glorious and brilliant biography of Marshal Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of the 40 million Korean people, a great Marxist-Leninist and one of the outstanding leaders of the international communist and working-class movements, was published recently in **Jeune Afrique**, a famous publishing house in Paris.

Respectfully printed on the front page of the book is a portrait of Marshal Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader of the 40 million Korean people.

The French edition of "Kim Il Sung: Biography" (Vol. 3), the biography of the great Leader Marshal Kim Il Sung, deals with the revolutionary activities of Marshal Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader, in the period following the victory of socialist revolution and establishment of the socialist system in the northern half of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea and in the period of the fulfilment of the Seven-Year National Economic Plan.

This book describes the revolutionary activities of Marshal Kim Il Sung, the great Leader, who has victoriously led the revolution and construction in the northern half of the Republic, solving originally and very skillfully the theoretical and practical problems newly presented for the complete victory of socialism after the establishment of the socialist system, and the great revolutionary lines and ways set forth by him, their justness and his lofty virtues.

And it gives a systematic account of the strategic and tactical lines of Marshal Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader, on the South Korean revolution and the unification of the fatherland, their justness and great vitality, his warm fatherly love and deep solicitude for the South Korean people and the overseas compatriots and his strategic and tactical lines on the international communist movement and the world revolution, their justness and great vitality and his great contribution to the development of the Marxist-Leninist theories.

Before entering the text, the book gives a number of photographs and materials showing the great revolutionary activities of Marshal Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader, and sagacity of his leadership and his lofty virtues and carries many photographs in the text illustrating its contents.

It contains a main chronological table of his revolutionary history.

As has been already reported, the first and second volumes of the French edition of "Kim Il Sung: Biography", the biography of Marshal Kim Il Sung, the great Leader, were brought into the world in April and October by the **Jeune Afrique**, and this time its last third volume saw the light.

L'humanite, the central organ of the French Communist Party, on November 15 devoted one whole page to an introduction of the French edition of "Kim Il Sung: Biography" (Vol. 1) under the title "Record of the great national-liberation struggle and glorious victory of the hero produced by Korea" with a large picture of the French edition of "Kim Il Sung: Biography" (Vol. 1) in which a portrait of Marshal Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader of the 40 million Korean people, a great Marxist-Leninist and the brilliant Leader of revolution, is respectfully printed.

The paper quoted the words of Fidel Castro, Prime Minister of the Republic of Cuba:

"Comrade Kim Il Sung is one of the most distinguished, outstanding and heroic leaders of socialism in the present world.

"His history is one of the most beautiful histories a revolutionary serving the cause of socialism is able to write." (KCNA)

(Continued from Page 1)

and expectation of the Leader with loyalty by powerfully organising and mobilising the Party members and working people to the struggle for the implementation of the militant programme set forth by Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great Leader, at the historic Fifth Congress of the Party, upholding it.

They wholeheartedly wished Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of our Party and the 40 million Korean people, peerless patriot, national hero, ever-victorious iron-willed brilliant commander, one of the outstanding leaders of the international communist and working-class movements and the benevolent father of our journalists and editors, good health and a long life for the unification of the fatherland and the nation-wide victory of our revolution, for the prosperity and development of the country and the prosperity of the generations to come and for the victory of the cause of socialism and communism in the whole world.

The report meeting closed with the playing of the "Song of General Kim Il Sung."

Comrade Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader, posed for a photograph with the journalists and editors of *Rodong Sinmun*.

Meanwhile, the Presidium of the Supreme People's Assembly of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea issued a decree on observing the 1st of November when the respected and beloved Leader Comrade Kim Il Sung founded **Rodong Sinmun**, as the Press Day of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea.

REMINISCENCES OF THE ANTI-JAPANESE GUERILLAS

Strength of Unity

Pak Du Gyong

(Continued from our previous issue No. 54)

In the first place, most of our weapons were old type rifles, and even those outdated weapons were not enough to go round to all of us. With these weapons, it was impossible to remain on the defensive for a long time against many regiments of enemy forces attacking us from all directions.

And these circumstances could possibly drive us into a passive position in battle and there was an imminent danger of the guerilla base being taken by the enemy and many people exposed to the blood-stained bayonets of the enemy. The worst of it was that the houses had been burnt down in the bombing and incendiary fire set by the enemy, and not a grain of rice could be obtained.

Surrounded by the enemy, we could not make a fire freely even when there were patients who needed warmth. Our clothes had been torn and burnt, and so we had to combat frostbite. This combat was no less hard than fighting the enemy.

From the break of dawn enemy planes tore about the sky over the mountain peaks and ravines. So, we had to protect the people while fighting the enemy. I cannot fully describe the difficult situation in which we had to fight at the time. Yet, I cannot forget the old people and women who, in defiance of the danger, brought hot water to the guerilla fighters who were cleaning their guns and repairing trenches at brief intervals of battles. They wanted to see the guerillas share even a drink or two. The images of those people are still vivid in my memory.

And I seem to see the boys of the Children's Corps hiding between rocks, loading and training their "home-made" pistols (made of tin and waste iron) upon the enemy; ringing in my ears still to this day are the voices of their song:

Come together, comrades, under the red banner,

Come with one mind to our platoon,

With bombs and pistols in your hands.

Come together to fight for power!

(From the revolutionary song "Our Blood Is Boiling Still Hotter")

Particularly, the guerillas and the local people had a boundless feeling of trust in and respect for Comrade Kim Il Sung who was leading us to victory even in the arduous struggle.

This happened when the enemy had managed to make his way to the entrance to the Chiumatsun village.

Some of the women who had been evacuated to Tzuteling Pass (the Taipingtsun district) situated between the Hsiaowangching district and Shihliping, were coming to the Headquarters in Lishukou at midnight, carrying with them bottles of hot water for the guerillas who could not even make a fire freely.

On their way thereto, they perceived some dark figures scaling the precipice looking on the Chiumatsun village which had been assaulted by the enemy. Not knowing what to do, the women quickly hid themselves in the snow. But when they looked again cautiously, they saw nothing at all on the precipice. "Maybe we saw phantoms!?...," one of the women whispered. "No, I'm sure I saw two persons standing on the brink of the precipice," another woman insisted. "What if we give an alarm!?...," the third one suggested. "Oh, no. They will send us a burst of bullets which, I am afraid, may fly in the direction of the place where the General and guerillas are!?...."

One of the women who were whispering for a moment, stood up, saying: "You remain here.... I'll run over to that side and shout an alarm..." With this, the woman, aunt of the guerilla Choe Chang Bom, put down her bottles of hot water on the ground and ran out into the dark woods.

She was anxious to protect the Headquarters from danger; she did not in the least care about her own life.

Dashing in the direction opposite to the Headquarters, she shouted at the top of her voice:

"Enemy's coming, he is creeping up the precipice!" It was that she wanted to draw the attention of the enemy to herself.

This was how even women, in conditions where they had nothing but water to fill their stomachs, fought unyieldingly, protecting the Headquarters from danger, helping and caring for the guerillas at the risk of their lives.

Neither hardships nor the desperate attempts of the enemy could break the united might of the people and the guerillas who, under the wise leadership of Comrade Kim Il Sung, fought together through thick and thin, with firm confidence in victory, and protected the Headquarters at the hazard of their own lives. When we were afire with determination to defend the guerilla base to the last, Comrade Kim Il Sung studied the movements of the enemy and gave us new combat tasks. He said:

...In view of the imbalance of forces between our army and the enemy and from the viewpoint of guerilla tactics, a head-on clash with the enemy's picked forces which outnumber us scores of times is an adventurous act bound to meet with failure.

On the other hand, if we confine ourselves only to defence in this narrow area against the enemy force that is prepared for a protracted offensive battle, it would certainly mean nothing else than playing into the hands of the enemy; it would be favourable to the enemy and very unfavourable to us. In order to save the situation, our armed force must operate in two groups.

One group must operate here while the other shall go into the area under the control of the enemy. In an attempt to launch a large-scale attack on the guerilla bases in many counties of east Manchuria simultaneously, the enemy has even mobilized most of the police and the self-defence corps for the "punitive" operation against the guerilla bases. Therefore, the rear of the enemy is practically empty now. Moreover, under the present circumstances the enemy will hardly imagine that the guerillas would leave the base and enter the area behind his lines.

Taking advantage of this opportunity, we must strike a sudden blow at the enemy by boldly and swiftly attacking his barracks, self-defence corps and police stations in his rear, and cut off the enemy's supply of food and clothing by raiding his munitions depots and Q departments or ambushing and attacking his military goods trains. By so doing, we must supplement munitions for our army and make the enemy uneasy and scared everywhere.

In the meantime, our propaganda leaflets should be distributed extensively among the soldiers of the puppet "Manchukuo" and Japanese armies to cause agitation among them, while we attack the enemy's rear incessantly so that he is forced to withdraw his troops mobilized to attack the guerilla base. The group remaining at the guerilla base should avoid head-on clash with the onrushing enemy troops in large numbers, but it should be divided into several details and, in the daytime, should disperse people in the guerilla base to various places and protect them. And, at night these details should surprise the enemy's camps incessantly and annihilate him.

With these long-drawn, flexible tactics and positive, energetic movements we should continue to inflict defeat and death upon the enemy and reliably safeguard the main force of our army and the people at the guerilla base....

If Comrade Kim Il Sung had not worked out such superb tactics and if he had not given such an outstanding leadership at that time, the base of Hsiaowangching would have passed into the hands of the enemy, the people there would have suffered immeasurably and been slaughtered, and our ranks would have gone to pieces.

It was because of the wise leadership of Comrade Kim Il Sung that the people in the guerilla base could be evacuated to Shihliping and the guerillas could build up a position on the mountain while protecting the people. In the daytime, the guerillas mowed down enemy soldiers en masse in fierce counterattacks, availing themselves of the vantage grounds on every height and in every ravine, as they crawled up. At night they split up into many nocturnal storming parties and took turns in staging surprise attacks on the enemy's camps or cutting his supply routes.

When, after several days of such active battles, the enemy had been thrown into confusion and the situation turned in favor of the guerillas, Comrade Kim Il Sung led a guerilla detachment into the area controlled by the enemy.

The guerillas who made a sally into the enemy-controlled area under the direct command of Comrade Kim Il Sung, raided the enemy's barracks and police stations and the self-defence corps one after another and wiped out enemies in Liangshuichuantzu (a border area on the opposite bank of the River Tuman-gang), Peifungwutung (about 40 kilometres north of Tumen) and in other districts, and then assaulted the enemy's lumber station at Tonggol of Ssutung.

After each victorious battle in which enemy troops were wiped out, Comrade Kim Il Sung would always call together the inhabitants of the locality and inspire them with confidence in victory, thus rousing them to the struggle.

Greatly moved at this, workers of the lumber station in Ssutung asked for admission into the guerilla army, gave readily the guerillas the new footwear and fatigue dresses they had been keeping for themselves, collected flour, salt, etc., and offered them to the guerillas, and many followed the guerillas carrying those articles.

Excitement and delight of the people were beyond description when they personally met Comrade Kim Il Sung and heard his speech elucidating the prospects of victory in the revolution, for they had witnessed or heard with anxiety that thousands of enemy troops were closing in upon the Hsiaowangching guerilla base from all sides.

Returning to Liangshuichuantzu, Comrade Kim Il Sung planned to go over to a decisive counteroffensive by taking advantage of the confusion within the enemy ranks and attack the town of Wangching, the centre of the enemy's rear.

It was around one o'clock on the night of the next day. Personally led by Comrade Kim Il Sung, guerillas stormed into the town of Wangching breaking through the manifold guard lines, and raided two or three enemy organs and set them on fire.

After some time, the guerillas left the town and came up the mountain path leading to Yaoyingkou. From there they could command a full view of the town. Many buildings of enemy organs in the central part of the town were in flames and beyond the raging flames could be seen the watchtower of the fire station. But, in spite of the fire, there was not a man coming out to sound the alarm.

Our raid on the town of Wangching proved a severe blow to the enemy, for him it was literally a "bolt from the blue." That our small guerilla unit composed of only 50 or so, while successfully defending the Hsiaowangching base and its people, would take the initiative in the hard struggle waged for over 40 days against more than 5,000 enemy troops and storm the town of Wangching, the regrouping centre of the enemy forces, was something which was beyond imagination.

We often heard that not only local people but also the enemy said the superb tactics of Comrade Kim Il Sung were tactics of "preternatural swiftness."

Having suffered an irretrievable defeat by our attack on the town of Wangching made under the leadership of Comrade Kim Il Sung, the enemy could not but retreat, giving up his attack on our guerilla base though he had bragged that he would "wipe out the base at a stroke."

When the enemy had retreated, we guerillas and people came back to the base of Hsiaowangching, and further strengthened the defences of the base, where we started farming timely in the spring of 1934. We were all fully resolved to defeat the Japanese imperialists and win freedom and independence of the fatherland.

In the course of the five years until we disorganized the guerilla base and went out to operate in wider areas, the enemies persistently attacked us, but each time they sustained heavy losses and were repelled.

Every time the enemies dared to attack us they suffered wholesale death, thanks to the wise leadership of Comrade Kim Il Sung and the unyielding struggle of us guerillas and people who followed him.

By overcoming these hardships and winning the battles, we have come to enjoy the freedom and happiness of today; and we are now striving for a still brighter future of socialism and communism, making uninterrupted and continuous advance.

I say to myself: Comrade Kim Il Sung led us to victory in the past; today he is also leading us to victory in the van of us.

What a great happiness it is!

There is nothing impossible for us to do, who are marching forward upholding the teachings of Comrade Kim Il Sung.

Looking back on the past and thinking of today I renew my conviction that when the Party members and the entire working people, rallied steel-strong around Comrade Kim Il Sung, fight under his wise leadership, we shall surmount any difficulties and hardships and emerge victorious without fail in every battle.

It is in the fighting spirit full of such conviction that we are making the Chollima march looking forward to ever brighter and glorious future of the fatherland.

(The End)

1970—Year of Demonstration of Juche Idea's Overall Victory

We ring out 1970, a year of victory.

This year was a year of victory and glory crowded with events of historic importance in the history of the revolutionary struggle of our Party and people and in their onward movement towards socialism and communism.

The year 1970 went down in letters of gold in the history of our Party and country particularly for the Fifth Congress of the Workers' Party of Korea, a historic congress which declared the complete unity and cohesion of the whole Party on the basis of the unitary ideological system, the overall victory of the *Juche* idea and the great victory in industrialization.

In his report on the work of the Central Committee to the Fifth Congress of our Party held in November, the brilliant Leader of revolution Comrade Kim Il Sung summed up the great victories and proud successes gained by our Party and people during the period under review and gave bright prospects for the complete victory of socialism in our country and for the independent unification of our country, and clearly indicated the road to victory in the world revolution.

Seeing out the year 1970 in grandiose circumstances where the whole country is seething, bubbling over with high revolutionary zeal and creative stamina upholding the grand programme charted by the respected and beloved Leader Comrade Kim Il Sung at the Fifth Congress of our Party, our people impressively glance back on this year of glory and victory with a high sense of pride and honour.

The great Leader of revolution Comrade Kim Il Sung said at the historic Fifth Congress of the Workers' Party of Korea:

"Today the unity and cohesion of our Party have been uplifted to a new, high plane and have become most vitalized and most solid. We can say it is not until today that the unity and cohesion of the Party we Communists wanted to see so much have been fully realized on the basis of the unitary ideological system of *Juche*."

The monolithic unity and cohesion of the entire people on the basis of the great *Juche* idea of the great Leader of revolution Comrade Kim Il Sung with the Leader as the sole centre are the priceless achievement made by us in the past period. The unbreakable, firm unity and cohesion are the source of our strength and the decisive earnest of all our victories.

The whole society is now cramfull of the unitary ideology of the Party.

Our Party has organized and conducted more profoundly and energetically the work of establishing more thoroughly its unitary ideological system within the whole Party and in the whole society and of revolutionizing and working-classizing all people this year, too.

Today our revolutionary ranks have grown and strengthened into a big indestructible contingent of revolutionaries who are firmly equipped with the unitary ideology of our Party, the great revolutionary ideology of the respected and beloved Leader Comrade Kim Il Sung and infinitely faithful to the Leader.

The people are full of intense loyalty to carry out to the end the instructions and orders of the Leader through thick and thin in whatever adversity and protect and guard with their lives the Leader politically and ideologically.

The entire people's absolute support for and trust in, unbounded respect for and intense loyalty to the respected and beloved Leader Comrade Kim Il Sung who has led our people along one road of victory and glory, happiness and prosperity weathering all storms, shouldering the destinies of the fatherland and the nation, for more than 40 years up to date since he set out on the road of revolution in his early years—all these are the unshakable corner-stone of our people's political and ideological unity.

They are the creed of life that has shaped and been deeply seated in the hearts of our people in the course of their protracted and arduous revolutionary struggle waged for the freedom and independence of the fatherland and for the building of a new society under the wise guidance of the great Leader Comrade Kim Il Sung.

The First Plenary Meeting of the Fifth Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea in November, reflecting the unanimous will of the whole Party and the unanimous feelings of the entire people, elected Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of the 40 million Korean people, the founder of our Party, peerless patriot, national hero, ever-victorious iron-willed brilliant commander and one of the outstanding leaders of the international communist and working-class movements, as General Secretary of the Party Central Committee.

The election of the great Leader Comrade Kim Il Sung as General Secretary of the Party Central Committee is an event of the greatest significance for the development of our Party and the final victory of our revolution and for the eternal prosperity of our fatherland, and is an immense glory, pride and happiness for our people who live and fight as his revolutionary soldiers.

It is only because the great Leader Comrade Kim Il Sung leads our Party in the forefront that it has grown into the experienced and seasoned militant General Staff which leads the Korean revolution confidently to victory through any rough storms and harsh trials, into a revolutionary and dignified vanguard which advances in the front ranks of the international communist movement. It will shine forever as the Party of Comrade Kim Il Sung, as the glorious Party which fights for bringing his great *Juche* idea into full bloom in this land.

With the attainment of the monolithic political and ideological unity of the entire people based on the revolutionary ideas of the respected and beloved Leader Comrade Kim Il Sung, our people's power has been further strengthened and the state and social system greatly consolidated and developed.

In the elections of deputies to the local power organs held in March 1970 throughout the country, 100 per cent of the electors took part in the elections and 100 per cent of the voters cast ballots in favour of the registered candidates for deputies to the city (district), county, *ri* (*up*, workers' settlement and *dong*) people's assemblies.

Through the brilliant victory in the elections of deputies to the local power organs, our people again fully demonstrated at home and abroad the great political and ideological unity of the whole Party and the whole society rallied rock-firm with a single ideology and will around Comrade Kim Il Sung, the founder of the first state of proletarian dictatorship in our country and the great Leader of the 40 million Korean people, and again clearly showed the true superiority of the socialist system of our country and the great vitality of our people's power.

This year, the immortal *Juche* idea of the genius Leader of revolution Comrade Kim Il Sung has been embodied more extensively and thoroughly in all the political, economic and cultural spheres of the country and has born splendid fruits.

The political independence of our Republic has been consolidated as never before and its international position and prestige have risen still higher.

Radical changes have taken place in the ideological life of the working people and in the way of their thinking through the struggle for establishing *Juche*.

The ideological trends of flunkeyism, national nihilism and dogmatism has disappeared in the main, national pride and the consciousness of national independence have been further enhanced and the revolutionary trait of self-reliance has been established thoroughly among the entire working people.

The overall, thorough establishment of *Juche* in the ideological and spiritual realm of the people, their ideological liberation from the yoke of flunkeyism that blights the consciousness of national independence and the strengthening of unity and cohesion of our Party and people on the basis of the ideological system of *Juche*—all these constitute the most resplendent victory we have ever won in all the domains of the ideological revolution, the Party building and state activities.

This year our people advanced with vigor in the spirit of Chollima, in the one-beats-a-hundred spirit, in accordance with the Leader's strategic line of carrying on economic construction and defence upbuilding in parallel and thus scaled triumphantly all the heights of the Seven-Year Plan.

An all-out charge was made in the various branches of the national economy to capture all the heights of the Seven-Year Plan before the Fifth Congress of the Workers' Party of Korea.

Steelmakers of the Chollima Kangson Steel Plant, the birthplace of Chollima, doubled the output of steel at a stretch at the beginning of the year to create the "Kangson speed," a new Chollima speed, and have ever since marched in the van of the great revolutionary upsurge.

They increased the output of steel twice in a year with the existing equipment and manpower. The history of metallurgical industry does not know yet such a remarkably fast rate of growth.

The "Kangson speed," a new Chollima speed, reflects the single-hearted loyalty of our people infinitely true to the Leader and their unanimous desire to march faster. That is why it threw the whole country into a cauldron of big revolutionary upsurge with an incomparably great attraction.

The whole country dashed ahead like the wind at the "Kangson speed," a new Chollima speed, and great innovations and fresh miracles took place one after another on all fronts and at all units of socialist construction.

How many factories and monumental edifices rose up this year!

The May 14 combined workshop of the Chollima Hwanghae Iron Works, the 6,000-ton press workshop of the Kangson Steel Plant, the large-size calcinating ovens of the February 8th Cement Factory and the Pukchang Thermal Power Plant started operation and a modern, magnificent Chollima street reminding one of a city sprang up on the Potong-gang River in Pyongyang and more than 1,760 local industrial factories went up in various parts of the country.

The 5,000-ton large-size vessels, 25-ton heavy-duty lorries, large-size excavators, 12-metre planers, 300 h.p. large-size bulldozers, 10-metre turning lathes and high-precision machines were turned out in large numbers.

We feel the greater pride because these were all built or made by our own technique and efforts and with our own materials and imbued with the intense loyalty of our heroic working class boundlessly faithful to the Leader.

On September 17 the steelmakers of Kangson fulfilled their yearly assignment first and made a report of loyalty to the fatherly Leader.

It was not the case of the steelmakers of Kangson alone. Numerous factories and enterprises all over the country fulfilled their yearly plans with credit before the Fifth Congress of our Party.

Through their vigorous labour struggle, the working people of our country planted the flag of victory on the high peak of the Seven-Year Plan.

The respected and beloved Leader Comrade Kim Il Sung said at the Fifth Congress of our Party as follows:

"The greatest achievement made in socialist construction during the period under review is that our country has been converted into a socialist industrial state as a result of the splendid fulfilment of the historic task of socialist industrialization."

The conversion of our country into a socialist industrial state—this is a great event of epochal significance in building a developed, rich and powerful socialist state and furthering socialist and communist construction and a proud event which will shine brilliantly in the long history of our nation.

Thanks to the *Juche* line of industrialization set forth by the great Leader Comrade Kim Il Sung, his wise guidance and the heroic and devoted labour struggle of our people, we carried out successfully in a very short time of 14 years the difficult and complicated task of industrialization which took the capitalist countries a whole century or a few centuries. This grand reality of our country completely exploded the reactionary "theory" of the mouthpieces of the bourgeoisie that it is impossible to increase the rate of advance when the economy has grown in scale.

According to the "Theses on the Socialist Rural Question in Our Country" authored by the respected and beloved Leader Comrade Kim Il Sung, our agricultural working people vigorously pushed ahead with the ideological, technical and cultural revolutions and thereby achieved great successes in agricultural production and the building of socialist modern rural communities this year.

This year they concentrated their efforts on farming, following the "way the Chongsan-ri villagers work" and strove hard to do scientific-technical farming and reaped rich harvests throughout the country.

This year, to cope with the ever-intensified new war provocation schemes of the U.S. imperialist aggressors, we directed much efforts to defence upbuilding and made the country's defences impregnable, while stepping up socialist economic construction to the maximum.

As a result of the thorough implementation of the self-defensive military line of our Party put forth by the Leader, our People's Army has grown into a one-beats-a-hundred army of cadres further steeled politically and ideologically and in military technique, into an invincible revolutionary armed force fully equipped with powerful means for attack and defence.

The entire people have been put under arms and the whole country fortified.

Today the defence capacity of our country is so strong as to smash any provocation of the U.S. imperialists at a stroke.

Even under the condition of building the economy and defences in parallel, the material and cultural welfare of the people has been further promoted thanks to the profound solicitude of the Party and the Leader.

From September 1 this year, the wages of the workers, technicians and office employees were raised by 31.5 per cent on an average.

This year more modern houses were built for working people in towns and the countryside.

Great progress has also been made in the sphere of socialist cultural construction in 1970.

Universal compulsory nine-year technical education has been conducted more qualitatively and many institutions of higher learning newly built.

More than 200,000 students are now studying at 129 institutions of higher learning and some 500 higher technical schools in our country.

Our literature and art produced many excellent works with rich ideological contents and high artistry and our sportsmen took part in various international games and added fame to Chollima Korea.

The great victory and brilliant successes scored by our people in the revolution and construction are the precious fruition of the great *Juche* idea of Comrade Kim Il Sung, an outstanding Marxist-Leninist of our times and the brilliant Leader of revolution and of his seasoned leadership.

Despite the claims of a busy life preparing for the Fifth Congress of the Party this year, the respected and beloved Leader Comrade Kim Il Sung set forth in time the correct policies of the Party and the Government and took measures. Not only that. He visited many factories, construction sites, army units and rural villages in the country, solved in person the ripe questions awaiting settlement, vigorously aroused the masses to a great revolutionary upsurge and showed meticulous care for every aspect of life of the people.

Ringing out 1970, a year of victory and glory, our people are full of unbounded happiness over and pride in living in the socialist industrial state under the guidance of the great Leader Comrade Kim Il Sung and of a firm determination to implement with flying colours the grand programme of the Six-Year Plan, a great blueprint charted by the Leader at the Fifth Congress of our Party.

(Continued on Page 7)

DPRK Govt. Decides to Send Relief Goods to SVNFL and Provisional Revolutionary Govt. of RSV

The Government of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea decided to send relief goods to the South Vietnam National Front for Liberation and the Provisional Revolutionary Government of the Republic of South Vietnam in connection with the flood damages caused in South Vietnam recently by the destructive acts of the U.S. imperialists and their stooges the Thieu-Ky clique.

Authorized by the Government of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea Kim Gyong Ryon, Chairman of the Committee for Foreign Economic Relations, conveyed on December 23 a note concerning this to Vu Ngoc Ho, Ambassador of the Republic of South Vietnam to our country.

According to the note, the Government of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea will send textiles, medicaments and aquatic products to the South Vietnam National Front for Liberation and the Provisional Revolutionary Government of the Republic of South Vietnam.

These relief goods, a token of profound sympathy of the Korean people with the South Vietnamese flood sufferers, will contribute to further strengthening the militant friendship and solidarity between the peoples of Korea and South Vietnam who are fighting against the U.S. imperialist aggressors, the common enemy, and their stooges.

Executive Secretariat of Tri-Continental People's Solidarity Organization Decides to Mark May 25 Every Year as

"Day of International Solidarity with Korean Citizens in Japan"

The Executive Secretariat of the Tri-Continental People's Solidarity Organization recently held its 130th meeting in Havana and decided to mark May 25, the birthday of the General Association of Korean Residents in Japan, as the "day of international solidarity with Korean citizens in Japan" to express solidarity with the just struggle of the Korean citizens in Japan, according to a report from Havana.

The Secretariat called upon all the progressive forces of the world to express on this day every year militant solidarity with the Korean citizens in Japan who are valiantly struggling against the unjust national persecution and insult by the reactionary Japanese authorities and for defending their democratic, national rights.

(KCNA)

Nigeria-Korea People's Friendship Association Inaugurated in Lagos

The inaugural meeting of the Nigeria-Korea People's Friendship Association was held recently in Lagos, Nigeria, with a large attendance, according to a report from Lagos.

At the meeting Kurtis Joseph was elected chairman of the newly formed association.

In his address he stressed that the aim of the Nigeria-Korea People's Friendship Association was to deepen mutual understanding and expand cultural exchange between Nigeria and the Democratic People's Republic of Korea.

(KCNA)

(Continued from Page 6)

The respected and beloved Leader Comrade Kim Il Sung said as follows:

"The tasks put forth by the Congress are a militant programme for achieving the complete victory of socialism and bringing earlier the nation-wide victory of our revolution.

"When this new programme is carried into effect, our country will become a developed socialist state with a more powerful economic might and military potentials, our revolutionary force will grow and strengthen into an invincible one and our life will become more affluent and cultured in all fields."

This great programme is calling our people to a new victory.

Before plunging into the first battle of the first year of the Six-Year Plan, the steelmakers of the Chollima Kangson Steel Plant resolved to fulfil the national economic plan for 1971 before the 23rd anniversary of the founding of the DPRK (September 9) and challenged all factories and enterprises throughout the country to a socialist emulation.

When the first day of the New Year dawns, our people, sincerely wishing good health and a long life to the respected and beloved Leader Comrade Kim Il Sung, will start the grand onward movement at the Chollima speed, towards the eminence of the Six-Year Plan, a grand programme of socialist construction, rallied close around him.

Chang Ik Su

DPRK Govt. and Entire Korean People Sternly Denounce with Deep Resentment U.S. Imperialists' Moves for Reinforcement of Armed Forces in S. Korea

Spokesman of DPRK Foreign Ministry Issues Statement

The spokesman of the Ministry of Foreign Affairs of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea issued a statement on December 24 denouncing the current moves of the U.S. imperialist aggressors to reinforce their armed forces in South Korea.

The statement reads:

The U.S. imperialists are these days getting ever more frantic in stepping up their criminal schemes to provoke a new war in Korea.

On December 21, the command of the U.S. imperialist aggressor forces occupying South Korea announced that a wing composed of "F-4 Phantom" fighter-bombers at the Mizawa air base, Japan, would be brought to the Kunsan air base in South Korea and an air corps composed of "EC-121" reconnaissance planes at the Itazuke air base in Japan would be brought to the Kwangju air base in South Korea as part of the steps for the so-called "relocation" of the U.S. imperialist aggression forces stationed in the Pacific and Asian regions.

This move of the U.S. imperialists for the reinforcement of their armed forces is one more act of crudest violation of the Korean Armistice Agreement and another naked challenge to the Democratic People's Republic of Korea.

The Government of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea and the entire Korean people sternly denounce with deep resentment this heinous provocative machination of the U.S. imperialists.

In the recent years, the U.S. imperialists have incessantly brought into South Korea various modern combat weapons and war supplies, over head and heels in preparing a new war. Now, the U.S. imperialists are not only bringing again into South Korea combat flying corps on a large scale but also have decided to directly dispose on the soil of South Korea such spy planes as "EC-121" spy plane which was brought down by a resolute retaliatory blow of the courageous soldiers of our People's Army while conducting an espionage flight after intruding into the air space of our Republic. This vividly shows to what dangerous extent they have gone in their plot for new war provocation.

This decision of the U.S. imperialists on the "relocation" of their aggressor armed forces is the more dangerous because it was made in direct collusion with the Japanese militarists.

After confabs with the Sato government of Japan, the U.S. imperialists decided to leave their aggressive bases in Japan under the control of the Japanese militarists under the cloak of what they call "joint control" while moving the combat flying corps from these bases to the advance bases in South Korea. This, in fact, means that they have decided to further strengthen the "United States-Japan-South Korea" joint operation system aimed at drawing the aggressor armed forces of the Japanese militarists directly in a new war against the Korean people.

The Japanese militarists who have already stretched their talons of aggression deeply into South Korea, are revealing more openly their readiness to zealously plunge into the U.S. imperialists' manoeuvres for the provocation of a new war in Korea, blaring that the current "relocation" of the aggressor armed forces by the U.S. imperialists signifies to them the "greatest change since 1952."

All the facts clearly prove that the noisy advertisement of "U.S. army cutback" by the U.S. imperialists in accordance with the notorious "new Asian policy" is, in the final analysis, nothing but a smokescreen for further stepping up the new war preparations.

The danger of war is growing still more as the days go by in our country owing to the ceaseless aggressive manoeuvres of the U.S. imperialist aggressors.

This is a great threat to peace in Asia and the rest of the world.

The U.S. imperialists are running amuck to check the rapid growth of the revolutionary forces and maintain their colonial rule in Asia by directing the spearhead of aggression to Asia and expanding the war of aggression.

But, the more desperate the U.S. imperialists become, the further they hasten their own doom.

The Korean people sternly warn: The U.S. imperialists and the Japanese militarists must see the realities today in the face and desist from running riot.

The U.S. imperialists must discontinue at once the reinforcement of their armed forces in South Korea and the manoeuvres for the provocation of a new war against the Korean people and must quit South Korea without delay, taking along all their lethal weapons.

Today the just struggle of the Korean people against the policies of aggression and war pursued by the U.S. imperialists and the Japanese militarists and for the maintenance of peace in Korea and the independent unification of the country enjoys full support and encouragement of the peoples of the revolutionary countries in Asia and all the progressive peoples of the world.

The Korean people fight always to prevent war, but they are never afraid of it, and they are in full preparedness to make a clean sweep of whatever imperialist armed invaders, letting none of them return alive.

If the U.S. imperialists again embark on the military adventure of provoking a new war in Korea, they will meet their tragic death once and for all in the flames of the war they themselves enkindle.

Sentinels of Korean People's Army Shoot Dead Armed Bandits Sent by U.S. Imperialist Aggressor Army in the Eastern Section of the Front

On the evening of December 22, the U.S. imperialist aggressor army which had sharply intensified diverse forms of armed provocations against the northern half of the Republic in recent few days, again infiltrated bandits armed with various lethal weapons into the portion of our side in the Demilitarized Zone south of Mt. Wolbi-san, eastern section of the front, in the wake of their repeated setbacks.

Vigilant sentinels of our People's Army shot to death on the spot all of these armed bandits who attempted resistance, taking cover in a shelter, and captured various lethal weapons carried by the intruders.

By whatever means the U.S. imperialist aggressor army may infiltrate armed bandits, the sentinels of the Korean People's Army will never let a single one of them return alive.

Delegation of Centre of Indian Trade Unions Leaves after Winding Up Its Itinerary

The delegation of the Centre of Indian Trade Unions headed by Samar Mukherjee, Member of the Working Committee of the Centre of Indian Trade Unions, which came to our country at the invitation of the Central Committee of the General Federation of Trade Unions of Korea, left Pyongyang on December 23 after winding up its itinerary.

During its stay in our country, the delegation visited historic Mangyongdae, the Museum of Korean Revolution, the Industrial and Agricultural Exhibition and factories, enterprises, co-op farms and educational institutions in various parts of our country.

At Mangyongdae, the cradle of the revolution near and dear to the hearts of the 40 million Korean people, where the roots of the Korean revolution are deeply struck, the delegation first visited the house where Comrade Kim Il Sung, the brilliant Leader of revolution, was born, spent his childhood and fostered his lofty aspiration of revolution. Then, the guests looked round the historic sites on the Mangyong-bong Hill.

After his visit there, Samar Mukherjee, head of the delegation, said:

We have been deeply impressed and moved while visiting Mangyongdae.

The family of Comrade Kim Il Sung is a revolutionary one whose successive generations resolutely fought against foreign aggressors. Comrade Kim Il Sung, born into such a revolutionary family, defeated the Japanese imperialists and brought light to his fatherland.

Mangyongdae, therefore, serves as a fine and dear place of education to pass down the history of struggle of Comrade Kim Il Sung's revolutionary family from generation to generation.

At the Industrial and Agricultural Exhibition which shows concentrically the development of our modern *Juche* industry and agriculture, head of the delegation expressed his impressions:

Korea, once a backward colonial country, has turned into a developed socialist industrial state in a very short span of time. Today, Korea meets for herself the demand of her people's daily life for industrial products and farm produce and has become a country exporting industrial products to foreign countries.

Admirable indeed are such achievements made by the Korean people in all the domains of the national economy including industry and agriculture.

All these dazzling achievements of the Korean people attest to the seasoned guidance of the great Leader Comrade Kim Il Sung and the Workers' Party of Korea and to the advantage of the socialist system over the capitalist system.

When he visited the Kim Jong Tae Electrical Locomotive Factory, Chakrabati, member of the delegation, said as follows:

Comrade Kim Il Sung is the rare Leader of the people.

There is no place where he has not gone nor is there any place where he has not given his on-the-spot teaching.

Comrade Kim Il Sung is the genuine Leader of the people, who came from among the people, always finds himself among them and serves them.

The Korean people are very happy because they have the great Leader of the people as their Chief.

Heroic S. Vietnamese People Will Surely Win Final Victory in Anti-U.S. Imperialist, Nat'l-Salvation Struggle

December 20 this year marks the tenth anniversary of the founding of the glorious South Vietnam National Front for Liberation, the revolutionary banner of the South Vietnamese people and the organizer and leader of the anti-U.S. imperialist, national-salvation struggle.

Greeting this significant day, the Korean people extend the most fervent felicitations and warm militant greetings to the heroic South Vietnamese people who are achieving one brilliant victory after another in their sacred anti-U.S. imperialist, national-salvation struggle.

The founding of the South Vietnam National Front for Liberation charged with the glorious mission of opposing U.S. imperialism and its lackeys, liberating the South and defending the North and accomplishing the country's peaceful reunification by uniting all the patriotic forces of South Vietnam, was a historic event which marked a new, victorious milestone in the development of the national-liberation revolution in South Vietnam.

Its founding placed the South Vietnamese people in a position to develop the heroic anti-U.S. imperialist, national-salvation struggle onto a new higher stage, with their own powerful guiding force and correct goal of struggle.

Over the past ten years, the South Vietnam National Front for Liberation, founded in the flames of the fierce anti-U.S. imperialist, national-salvation struggle, has closely rallied the broad patriotic forces under the sacred banner of anti-U.S. imperialist, national-salvation struggle and aroused them vigorously to the struggle against the U.S. imperialist aggressors, and thereby achieved a great political and military victory.

Under the correct leadership of the South Vietnam National Front for Liberation the heroic South Vietnamese people and People's Liberation Armed Forces displayed peerless bravery and mass heroism and unfolded the indomitable struggle and thus completely frustrated all the nefarious "strategy" and desperate "plans" of U.S. imperialism, driving it deeper into a hopeless pit of ruin.

The South Vietnamese people and People's Liberation Armed Forces, hitting hard at the enemy everywhere, have won the splendid victory of liberating four-fifths of the South Vietnamese territory inhabited by two-thirds of the population and are drawing closer their ranks, victoriously fighting the anti-U.S. imperialist, national-salvation war of resistance.

Especially, the establishment in June last year of the Provisional Revolutionary Government of the Republic of South Vietnam, the genuine legitimate representative of the South Vietnamese people, was an epochal event of historic significance in the anti-U.S. imperialist, national-salvation struggle of the South Vietnamese people.

For their just cause and popular measures, the South Vietnam National Front for Liberation and the Provisional Revolutionary Government of the Republic of South Vietnam enjoy not only the absolute support and trust of the South Vietnamese people but also the active support and encouragement of the progressive peoples the world over, and their international position and prestige have risen greatly.

The U.S. imperialists are now sustaining disgraceful defeats in succession in face of the heroic war of resistance of the indomitable Vietnamese people. But they, not giving up yet their wild ambition of aggression in Vietnam, are frantically trying to push ahead with the "Vietnamization" of the war plan, more viciously and madly carrying on the bloody war of genocide.

The U.S. imperialists are continuing their bombing raids on North Vietnam, further stepping up acts of war including the reconnaissance, bombing and commando activities with their air force these days.

With no desperate efforts, however, can U.S. imperialism bring the Vietnamese people to their knees.

The anti-U.S. imperialist, national-salvation war of resistance of the Vietnamese people is not only a struggle for the complete liberation and independence of their country but also a struggle for defending Asian and world peace and a just struggle conducive to the cause of the world people against imperialism and colonialism.

Comrade Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader of the 40 million Korean people, said as follows:

"The Government of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea and the Korean people decidedly oppose the criminal war of aggression by the U.S. imperialists in Vietnam and resolutely support the just struggle of the heroic Vietnamese people." ("The Democratic People's Republic of Korea Is the Banner of Freedom and Independence for Our People and the Powerful Weapon of Building Socialism and Communism," p. 72.)

The heroic Vietnamese people who are enjoying the active support and encouragement of the revolutionary people of Asia and the peace-loving people of the whole world will fight resolutely in firm unity with the fraternal Laotian and Cambodian peoples and thereby defeat the U.S. imperialist aggressors in Vietnam and the whole of Indo-China and surely win final victory.

The U.S. imperialists must stop the criminal war of aggression against the Vietnamese people at once and quit South Vietnam without delay, taking with them all their aggressive forces and the troops of their vassal states and puppets.

The Vietnam question must be solved on the basis of the 10-point overall solution and the 8 supplementary points of the Provisional Revolutionary Government of the Republic of South Vietnam.

Invincible is the just revolutionary cause of the Vietnamese people who have risen up in the sacred anti-U.S. imperialist, national-salvation struggle.

Firm Militant Solidarity with the UAR People in Their Just Cause

December 23 is the significant 14th anniversary of the "Day of Victory" at Port Said when the people of the United Arab Republic repulsed, through their heroic struggle, the burglarious armed invasion launched by the British and French imperialists and Israeli Zionists under the patronage of the U.S. imperialists, and thus safeguarded the independence and sovereignty of the country.

On this day the Korean people extend the warmest congratulations and militant greetings to the friendly UAR people who are courageously fighting against U.S. imperialism and its stooge Israeli Zionists.

By repelling the all-out attack of the imperialist allied forces on Port Said, the UAR people not only defended the independence and sovereignty of their country with honour but also safeguarded the security in the Near and Middle East and Africa with credit and gave powerful encouragement to the Arab peoples in their struggle against imperialism and colonialism.

Flurried by the crumbling of their rule in the Arab land, the imperialists and colonialists headed by U.S. imperialism are working hard to suppress and stamp out the daily mounting national-liberation struggle of the Arab peoples and prevent them from building a new life. And they are carrying on their vicious policy of aggression and war more openly against the peoples in the Near and Middle East to restore their former colonial domination over this area, oblivious of the bitter lessons of their ignominious defeat in Port Said.

The U.S. imperialists egged on their faithful stooge Israeli aggressors to launch the brigandish aggressive war against the Arab peoples in 1967 and are now driving out the rascals to the aggression against the Arab peoples zealously and in a more insidious, undisguised way. Furthermore, the U.S. imperialists are resorting to all sorts of vile and crafty schemes to achieve their burglarious ambition of aggression and plunder in the Near and Middle East by splitting and undermining the unity and cohesion of the Arab peoples and destroying the Arab countries one by one.

Due to the ever-intensifying aggressive manoeuvres of U.S. imperialism and its henchmen Israeli aggressors, the situation in the Near and Middle East is still tense, and the national dignity and sovereignty of the Arab peoples are infringed upon.

U.S. imperialism is the source of all calamities and the most heinous enemy of the entire Arab peoples including the UAR people.

Today the UAR people under the leadership of President Anwar El Sadat are waging a resolute struggle against U.S. imperialism and Israeli aggressors.

With no amount of knavish schemes can U.S. imperialism and Israeli aggressors subdue the UAR and Arab peoples who are enjoying the active support and encouragement of the progressive peoples of the whole world and burning with a firm determination to fight the enemy relentlessly to the end and win victory, or realize their aggressive ambition in the Near and Middle East.

The Korean people sternly condemn the criminal aggressive manoeuvres of U.S. imperialism and Israeli Zionists in the Near and Middle East and resolutely support the righteous struggle of the UAR people in defence of the country's independence and national dignity and extend firm militant solidarity to it.

Comrade Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader of the 40 million Korean people, said:

"The Korean people are happy to have the UAR people as their comrades-in-arms and will always march ahead shoulder to shoulder with the UAR people in the common struggle against the U.S. and other imperialists." ("Answers to the Questions Raised by Foreign Correspondents," p. 81.)

Convinced that the relations of friendship and co-operation firmly sealed between the Korean and UAR peoples will in the future, too, be further consolidated and developed through the common struggle against imperialism headed by U.S. imperialism and its lackeys, we sincerely wish the UAR people yet greater victory in their sacred struggle.

Invincible Is Militant Friendship and Unity between Korean and Cambodian Peoples

The establishment of diplomatic relations between the DPRK and Cambodia on December 20 six years ago marked a new turn in the development of the relations of friendship and co-operation between the peoples of the two countries who are advancing under the uplifted banner of anti-imperialism and independence, and made a great contribution to the strengthening of unity and solidarity of the anti-imperialist forces of the world.

Especially, the militant unity and the relations of friendship and co-operation between the peoples of the two countries are today going a long way towards consolidating the anti-imperialist, anti-U.S. imperialist joint front of the peoples of the revolutionary countries in Asia and further developing their anti-U.S. imperialist joint struggle for frustrating the Asian aggression by U.S. imperialism. The Korean and Cambodian peoples have become close brothers and revolutionary comrades-in-arms in the course of their indefatigable struggle against the U.S. imperialist aggressors, the common enemy, and the militant friendship and unity between the peoples of the two countries are further strengthening with every passing day.

On this significant day, the Korean people extend the most fervent congratulations and warm militant greetings to the fraternal Cambodian people who are fighting heroically for defeating the U.S. imperialist aggressors and their stooges and building an independent, prosperous new Cambodia under the correct guidance of Samdech Norodom Sihanouk, the outstanding leader of the Cambodian people, and the National United Front of Kampuchea.

The Cambodian national liberation army and patriotic people, rallied close around Samdech Norodom Sihanouk and the National United Front of Kampuchea, are hitting hard at the enemy everywhere, displaying indomitable fighting spirit and mass heroism. Thus, they have already liberated two-thirds of the whole territory and more than half of the population and registered brilliant successes, killing, wounding or capturing 110,000 enemy troops including some 40,000 U.S. imperialist aggressor troops and South Vietnamese puppet troops.

The Royal Government of National Union of Cambodia under the leadership of the National United Front of Kampuchea, as the sole, genuine legitimate government of the Cambodian people, has not only been enlisting their absolute support but has also received the support and approval of many countries of the world, and its international position is rising day by day.

The Korean people regard the Royal Government of National Union of Cambodia under the leadership of Samdech Norodom Sihanouk, Head of State of Cambodia, and the National United Front of Kampuchea as the sole government representing the genuine interests and will of the Cambodian people and express active support for the just cause of the Cambodian people.

Owing to the dauntless war of resistance of the Cambodian people, the U.S. imperialists and the Lon Nol-Sirik Matak traitorous clique, their lackeys, are confronted with complete defeat and their days are already numbered.

In the flames of powerful resistance against the U.S. imperialist aggressors and their servitors, the Cambodian people are growing and strengthening into an invincible revolutionary force. The more they fight against the enemy, the greater victories they gain.

The Korean people rejoice as over their own over the brilliant successes the Cambodian national liberation army and patriotic people are attaining in the heroic war of resistance against U.S. imperialist aggression and for national salvation and warmly hail them.

The U.S. imperialists are now carrying on the criminal aggressive war more frantically in Cambodia. No matter what machination they may resort to, however, the scoundrels can never subdue the heroic Cambodian people who have determinedly risen in the anti-U.S. imperialist, national-salvation struggle under the leadership of Samdech Norodom Sihanouk, Head of State, and the National United Front of Kampuchea, nor can they realize their aggressive ambition against Cambodia.

The war of resistance against U.S. imperialist aggression and for national salvation of the Cambodian people is a just struggle for defending national sovereignty and for the country's genuine freedom and liberation and is a sacred struggle for safeguarding peace in Indo-China and Asia and contributing to the anti-imperialist, anti-U.S. imperialist struggle of the peoples of the world.

This struggle is enjoying the absolute support and encouragement of the progressive peoples the world over.

In his telegram of greetings to Samdech Norodom Sihanouk, Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of the 40 million Korean people, pointed out as follows:

"The day will certainly come when the heroic Cambodian people who are enjoying the active support of the revolutionary peoples of the world and fighting in firm unity with the peoples of Vietnam and Laos will knock down the U.S. imperialists and their lackeys and build an independent, prosperous and anti-imperialist new Cambodia under the leadership of the National United Front headed by you."

In the future, too, as in the past, the Korean people will stand firm by the fraternal Cambodian people and actively support and encourage them with might and main and make positive efforts to further strengthen and develop the relations of friendship and co-operation with the Cambodian people.

The heroic Cambodian people will surely attain final victory in their sacred and righteous war of resistance against U.S. imperialist aggression and for national salvation.

Invincible is the fraternal friendship and unity between the Korean and Cambodian peoples sealed firmly in the anti-imperialist, anti-U.S. imperialist common struggle.

THE PYONGYANG TIMES- Published every Monday by the Pyongyang Times: PYONGYANG, Democratic People's Republic of KOREA
Any articles in the Pyongyang Times can be reprinted. Price: 10 *jon* No. 13814